K & J Financial Services



Contact Us

Address

223, Rajhans Point, Gitanjali, Varachha Main Road, Surat. 395006

Phone number

Call us: +91 90811 31114 +91 93288 31114

E-mail address

kandjfinancialservices@gmail.com





TRADEMARK Registration

Details required for Trademark Registration / ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી માટે જરૂરી <u>વિગત</u>

- Brand/Logo/Slogan Name I બ્રાન્ડ / લોગો / સૂત્ર નામ
- Applicant's / Company Name I અરજદારનું નામ / પેઢીનું નામ
- Email Address
- Mobile Number
- Name of Firm / પેઢીનું નામ
- Complete Address of the Principal Place of Business / વ્યવસાયના મુખ્ય સ્થળનું સંપૂર્ણ સરનામું
- Business Type / વ્યાપાર પ્રકાર I Short Description About Business Activity / વ્યાપાર ઉદ્દેશો, વ્યાપાર પ્રવૃત્તિ વિશે ટૂંકું વર્ણન
- Office / Business Address I નોંધણી સરનામું

Documents required for Trademark Registration / ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી માટે જરૂરી દસ્તાવેજો

- Soft Copy Logo / કંપની લોગો
- PAN Card / นเศ รเร็
- Aadhaar Card / આધારકાર્ડ
- Udyog Aadhaar / ઉદ્યોગ આધાર

Professional Fees for Trademark Registration / ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી માટે ફી

• Rs.8,999/-

(Only Registration, Including All, No Hidden Charge & One Time Payment) *18% GST Applicable

Other TM Services

TM Registration I TM Objection I TM Renewal I TM Hearing I TM Opposition

ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણીના ફાયદા

1.વિશિષ્ટ અધિકાર:

રિજસ્ટર્ડ ટ્રેડમાર્કના માલિકને ટ્રેડમાર્ક પર એકમાત્ર અધિકાર મળે છે. માલિક વર્ગ (એએસ) હેઠળ આવતા તમામ ઉત્પાદનો માટે સમાનનો ઉપયોગ કરી શકે છે. આગળ, માલિક ટ્રેડમાર્કની એકમાત્ર માલિકીની મજા લઇ શકે છે અને તે નોંધાયેલ છે તે જ વર્ગ હેઠળ ટ્રેડમાર્કના અનધિકૃત ઉપયોગથી અન્યને રોકી શકે છે. તે ટ્રેડમાર્ક રિજસ્ટર્ડ અનધિકૃત વપરાશકર્તાનો દાવો કરવાનો અધિકાર આપે છે.

2.વિશ્વાસ અને સદ્ભાવના બનાવે છે:

તમારા ઉત્પાદન અને સેવાઓની સ્થાપિત ગુણવત્તા દરેકને ટ્રેડમાર્ક દ્વારા જાણીતી છે અને જે બજારમાં ગ્રાહકોમાં વિશ્વાસ અને સદ્ભાવના સ્થાપિત કરે છે. તે કાયમી ગ્રાહકો બનાવવામાં મદદ કરે છે જે વફાદાર હોય છે અને હંમેશાં સમાન બ્રાન્ડની પસંદગી કરે છે.

3.ઉત્પાદન અલગ પડે છે:

ગ્રાહ્કોને તમારા ઉત્પાદનો શોધવાનું સરળ બનાવે છે. તે તમારા ઉત્પાદન અને ઉત્પાદનોની ઓળખ હાલના અને નજીકના પ્રતિસ્પર્ધકો કરતા જુદા બનાવે છે અને કાર્યક્ષમ વ્યાપારી સાધન તરીકે કાર્ચ કરે છે. લોગો તમારી દ્રષ્ટિ, ગુણવત્તા અથવા તમારી કંપની અને કોઈપણ સંસ્થાની અનન્ય લાક્ષણિકતાનો સંપર્ક કરી શકે છે.

4.ઉત્પાદનની ગુણવત્તા માટે માન્યતા:

તે ઉત્પાદનની ગુણવત્તાને માન્યતા આપે છે. ગ્રાહકો ઉત્પાદનની ગુણવત્તાને બ્રાન્ડ નામ સાથે જોડે છે અને આ છબી બજારમાં એક વિશેષ બ્રાન્ડની ગુણવત્તા વિશે બનાવવામાં આવે છે જે નવા ગ્રાહકોને આકર્ષવામાં મદદ કરે છે કારણ કે તેઓ લોગો / બ્રાન્ડ નામ દ્વારા ઉત્પાદનની ગુણવત્તાને અલગ પાડી શકે છે.

5.સંપત્તિ બનાવટ:

ટ્રેડમાર્કની નોંધણી એક અમૂર્ત સંપત્તિ બનાવે છે એટલે કે કોઈ સંસ્થા માટે બૌદ્ધિક સંપત્તિ. રજિસ્ટર્ડ ટ્રેડમાર્ક એ બનાવટનો અધિકાર છે જે વેચી, સોંપાચેલ, ફ્રેન્યાઇઝ અથવા વ્યાપારી ધોરણે કરાર કરી શકાય છે. ઉપરાંત, ટ્રેડમાર્ક એ અમૂર્ત સંપત્તિ છે જે સંસ્થાને લાભ આપે છે.

6.® પ્રતીકનો ઉપયોગ:

એકવાર ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધાયા પછી તમે તમારા લોગો પરના ચિન્ફનો ઉપયોગ કરી શકો છો કે તે નોંધાયેલ ટ્રેડમાર્ક છે અને કોઈ એક જ ટ્રેડમાર્કનો ઉપયોગ કરી શકશે નહીં. તે તમામ પ્રકારના વપરાશ તેમજ અધિકારોથી વિશિષ્ટ છે. જો કોઈ અન્ય ટ્રેડમાર્કનો ઉપયોગ કરે છે, તો જો તમે ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધાયેલ હોય તો તમે પક્ષ પર દાવો પણ કરી શકો છો

7.ઉલ્લંધન સામે રક્ષણ:

કોઈ હરીફ અથવા અન્ય વ્યક્તિ તમારા દ્વારા ટ્રેડમાર્ક હેઠળ નોંધાયેલા વર્ડમાર્ક અથવા લોગોનો ઉપયોગ કરી શકશે નહીં. જો કે, જો કોઈ પણ સંજોગોમાં કોઈ તેનો ઉપયોગ ટ્રેડમાર્કના માલિકની મંજૂરી વિના કરે છે અથવા તેનો કોઈ ભ્રામક ઉપયોગ કરે છે, તો માલિક એક્ટ હેઠળ કાનૂની રક્ષણ મેળવી શકે છે અને તે વ્યક્તિને આમ કરવાનું બંધ કરી શકે છે.

8.ઓછી કિંમતે 10 વર્ષો સુધીનું રક્ષણ:

ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી ખૂબ ઓછી જાળવણી ખર્ચ પર કરવામાં આવે છે. એકવાર તમે ટ્રેડમાર્કની નોંધણી કરાવ્યા પછી તમારે ફક્ત જાળવણી ખર્ચ અને નવીકરણ ખર્ચ યૂકવવો પડશે જે ટ્રેડમાર્કની નોંધણીના 10 વર્ષ પછી છે. તે ખર્ચકારક છે અને તમારી કંપનીને એક વિશિષ્ટ છબી બનાવવામાં મદદ કરે છે.

9. વૈશ્વિક ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી:

જો કોઈ ભારત સિવાયના અન્ય દેશોમાં ટ્રેડમાર્કની નોંધણી કરવા માંગે છે, તો ભારતમાં નોંધાયેલા ટ્રેડમાર્કનો ઉપયોગ ત્યાં નોંધણીના આધારે થઈ શકે છે. ભારતની બહાર વિસ્તારવા ઇચ્છુક કોઈપણ વ્યક્તિ માટે, ભારતમાં નોંધાયેલ ટ્રેડમાર્ક દેશમાં સ્થાપિત સદ્ભાવની સાથે સારો આધાર પૂરો પાડી શકે છે.

10. માનવ સંસાધનો આકર્ષિત કરો:

યુવા દિમાગમાં મોટા બ્રાન્ક્સમાં જોડાવાની ઇચ્છા હોય છે કારણ કે તે મેગ્નેટ તરીકે કામ કરે છે. તે સંસ્થાની સકારાત્મક છબીને પ્રેરણા આપે છે અને તેથી ઉમેદવારો સરળતાથી તેમની તરફ આકર્ષાય છે. આ ભાડે લેવા અને સંબંધિત પ્રવૃત્તિઓ તરફનો ખર્ચ ઘટાડે છે.

ભારતમાં ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી - એક વિહંગાવલોકન

ટ્રેડમાર્કને અનેન્ય ઓળખ તરીકે વ્યાખ્યાયિત કરી શકાય છે જે તમારા ઉત્પાદન અથવા સેવાને બાકીના ભાગથી અલગ બનાવે છે. અનન્ય ઓળખ અથવા અભિવ્યક્તિ લોગો, ફોટોગ્રાફ, સૂત્ર, શબ્દ, અવાજ, ગંધ, રંગ સંયોજન અથવા ગ્રાફિક્સ હોઈ શકે છે. મોટાભાગના વ્યવસાયો સામાન્ય રીતે ફક્ત લોગો અથવા નામની નોંધણી માટે જુએ છે. જો તમે કોઈ અનોખા વિયાર અથવા લોગો સાથે આવ્યા છો, તો પછી તેને તમારી પોતાની અનન્ય ઓળખ તરીકે સુરક્ષિત કરવા માટેનો એકમાત્ર રસ્તો તેને પેટન્ટ કરવું છે. રજિસ્ટર્ડ ટ્રેડમાર્ક એ તમારા વ્યવસાયની બૌદ્ધિક સંપત્તિ અથવા અમૂર્ત સંપત્તિ છે. તે લોગો અથવા બ્રાન્ડમાં બનેલા કંપનીના રોકાણના રક્ષણાત્મક કવર તરીકે કાર્ય કરે છે.

ભારતમાં, ટ્રેડમાર્ક્સ, પેટન્ટ્સ, ડિઝાઇન અને ટ્રેડમાર્ક્સ, ઉદ્યોગ અને વાણિજ્ય મંત્રાલય, ભારત સરકાર દ્વારા નિયંત્રિત થાય છે. તમે ટ્રેડમાર્ક એક્ટ, 1999 નામના અધિનિયમ હેઠળ ટ્રેડમાર્કની નોંધણી કરી શકો છો. નોંધણી તમારા ટ્રેડમાર્કની નકલ કરવાનો પ્રયાસ કરતા અન્ય સામે દાવો કરવાનો અધિકાર પૂરો પાડે છે. ઉપરાંત, અન્ય કોઈ વ્યક્તિ નોંધાયેલ વ્યક્તિ માટે સમાન ટ્રેડમાર્કનો ઉપયોગ કરી શકો નહીં. એકવાર તમે ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી કરશો, પછી તમે તેની સાથે આર પ્રતીકનો ઉપયોગ કરી શકો છો, અને તે નોંધણીની તારીખથી 10 વર્ષ સુધી માન્ય રહેશે. તમે 3 દિવસની અંદર સરળતાથી ™ મેળવી શકો છો. પરંતુ, ® મેળવવા માટે, તેમાં 2 વર્ષનો સમય લાગે છે. જો ટ્રેડમાર્ક નોંધણી સમાપ્ત થવાની તારીખની નજીક છે, તો તમે ઢંમેશાં તેને બીજા દસ વર્ષ માટે ફરીથી નોંધણી કરાવી શકો છો.

ભારતના ટ્રેડમાર્ક નિયમો અનુસાર ધ્વનિ, લોગો, શબ્દો, શબ્દસમૂહો, રંગ, છબીઓ, પ્રતીકો, આરક્ષરો અથવા આ બધાના સંયોજન જેવી ચીજોને ટ્રેડમાર્ક કરી શકાય છે. આ બધાનો ઉપયોગ તમારા વ્યવસાયને બાકીના કરતા અલગ બનાવવા માટે થવો જોઈએ.

ટ્રેડમાર્ક એપ્લિકેશન ખાનગી કંપનીઓ, વ્યક્તિઓ, કંપનીઓ, એલએલપીઝ અથવા એનજીઓ દ્વારા કરી શકાય છે. એનજીઓ, એલએલપી અથવા કંપનીઓના કિસ્સામાં, સંબંધિત વ્યવસાયના નામે નોંધણી માટે ટ્રેડમાર્ક લાગુ કરવો પડશે.

FAQ (English)

What is the difference between ™ and ®?

When there is a TM on the brand name or logo, it indicates that the trademark application has been filed and the registration is under process. An applicant can use the TM beside his brand name or logo once the application is filed. He can use it until the registration is done. After completion of registration, the TM gets replaced by ® which means the trademark registration is completed and it is valid for 10 years.

Why K & J?

We conduct a thorough research regarding your TM availability from the Govt.

Authorization letter is prepared from our side in order to file Trademark registration on your behalf.

We offer the best services to make sure that our client does not have to face any responsibility of filing Trademark.

You will be guided on the classes you have to apply under and we are the one to guide you. We will provide assistance regarding form fill up with the Registrar.

You will be receiving updates constantly from our side till the registration is completed.

We assure you to protect your brand of products or services.

For trademark registration, you need to pay Rs. 9000/- as Government fees. But if you own a MSME/SSI/Udyog Aadhar certificate, this Government fee is reduced to 50%.

What is a Trademark?

Trademark is an intellectual property consisting of recognizable sign or design in order to identify products or services from a specific source, although trademarks that are used to identify services are called service marks.

What can be registered as a Trademark?

A trademark is basically any word, name, symbol etc. which is used to identify and distinguish products or services of one specific seller or service provider from those of other competitors in the market. It also indicates the source of the products or services.

What Trademarks are not Registrable?

The TM logo indicates an unregistered trademark which is still distinguished from similar products or services. According to the Trademark Act, an unregistered Trademark does not get total protection and cannot prevent a third party from using the same mark.

What is Trademark class?

A Trademark classification is a procedure by which examiners and the trademark attorneys arrange the required documents including trademark and service mark application, according to the description of goods to which the marks are applicable.

How long Does it take to file a Trademark application?

Filing a Trademark application usually takes around 18-24 months.

When Can I Use [™] Symbol?

Once the trademark application is successful, you receive an acknowledgement providing you the right to use the TM symbol. After the registration of it, you can use the ® symbol.

What if someone has a similar word trademarked?

Though you can't get the word but still all is not lost. You can design a unique logo instead for your business and include the name in it like BMW. The name is within the logo making it a great example. A prefix could also be permissible. This is known as a logo composite mark. Though there is a way out, it is best to have a unique name.

Do you guarantee approval of my trademark?

The approval of the trademark completely depends on the judgment of the Government. But, if the trademark is unique, then there is a nice chance that it will be granted.

What is the difference between trademark, copyright and patent?

Copyright

It protects original works in the form of intellectual property (literary, dramatic, musical, artistic etc.). A business can copyright its books, reports, audio or video materials.

Trademark

It protects words, names, symbols, colors etc that distinguish products and services from those of others. It indicates the source of the goods. A company can register its business name, logos, slogans, etc that creates the brand image of a company.

Patent

Government grants an exclusive right to an inventor for an invention for a limited period of time in exchange for the disclosure of the discovery to the general public.

What are the different kinds of trademarks I can have?

- * A name (personal or surname of the applicant or the person's signature)
- * A newly coined or invented word or any other arbitrary word from dictionary, not being vividly descriptive of the character or quality of the product or service
- * Alphanumeric or letters or numerals or combination of them
- * Image, Symbol, Monograms, 3D shapes, letters etc.
- * Sound marks in audio format.

How long is a registered trademark valid for?

Registered Trademarks are valid for 10 years from the date of filing the application. The trademark owner can file for renewal of the trademark to keep it protected for more time prior to the end of the validity.

K & J Financial Services

Our mission is to provide one-click access to individuals and businesses for all their legal and professional needs.

Contact Us

Address

223, Rajhans Point, Gitanjali,

Varachha Main Road, Surat. 395006

Phone number

Call us: +91 93288 31114 | +91 90811 21114

E-mail address

kandifinancialservices@gmail.com

General remarks

The indications of goods or services appearing in the class headings are general indications relating to the fields to which, in principle, the goods or services belong. The Alphabetical List should therefore be consulted in order to ascertain the exact classification of each individual product or service.

Goods

If a product cannot be classified with the aid of the List of Classes, the Explanatory Notes and the Alphabetical List, the following remarks set forth the criteria to be applied:

(a)

À finished product is in principle classified according to its function or purpose. If the function or purpose of a finished product is not mentioned in any class heading, the finished product is classified by analogy with other comparable finished products, indicated in the Alphabetical List. If none is found, other subsidiary criteria, such as that of the material of which the product is made or its mode of operation, are applied.

(b)

À finished product which is a multipurpose composite object (e.g., clocks incorporating radios) may be classified in all classes that correspond to any of its functions or intended purposes. If those functions or purposes are not mentioned in any class heading, other criteria, indicated under (a), above, are to be applied.

(C)

Raw materials, unworked or semi-worked, are in principle classified according to the material of which they consist.

(d)

Goods intended to form part of another product are in principle classified in the same class as that product only in cases where the same type of goods cannot normally be used for another purpose. In all other cases, the criterion indicated under (a), above, applies.

When a product, whether finished or not, is classified according to the material of which it is made, and it is made of different materials, the product is in principle classified according to the material which predominates.

(f)

Cases adapted to the product they are intended to contain are in principle classified in the same class as the product.

Class 1

Chemicals used in industry, science and photography, as well as in agriculture, horticulture and forestry; unprocessed artificial resins, unprocessed plastics;

manures;

fire extinguishing compositions;

tempering and soldering preparations;

chemical substances for preserving foodstuffs;

tanning substances;

adhesives used in industry.

Explanatory Note

Class 1 includes mainly chemical products used in industry, science and agriculture, including those which go to the making of products belonging to other classes.

This Class includes, in particular:

- compost:
- salt for preserving other than for foodstuffs.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- raw natural resins (Cl. 2);
- chemical products for use in medical science (Cl. 5);
- fungicides, herbicides and preparations for destroying vermin (Cl. 5);
- adhesives for stationery or household purposes (Cl. 16);
- salt for preserving foodstuffs (Cl. 30);
- straw mulch (Cl. 31).

Class 2

Paints, varnishes, lacquers;

preservatives against rust and against deterioration of wood; colorants:

mordants;

raw natural resins;

metals in foil and powder form for painters, decorators, printers and artists.

Explanatory Note

Class 2 includes mainly paints, colorants and preparations used for the protection against corrosion.

This Class includes, in particular:

- paints, varnishes and lacquers for industry, handicrafts and arts;
- dyestuffs for clothing;
- colorants for foodstuffs and beverages.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- unprocessed artificial resins (Cl. 1);
- laundry blueing (Cl. 3);
- cosmetic dyes (Cl. 3);
- paint boxes (articles for use in school) (Cl. I6);
- insulating paints and varnishes (Cl. 17).

Class 3

Bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use;

cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations;

soaps;

perfumery, essential oils, cosmetics, hair lotions;

dentifrices.

Explanatory Note

Class 3 includes mainly cleaning preparations and toilet preparations.

This Class includes, in particular:

- deodorants for personal use;
- sanitary preparations being toiletries.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- chemical chimney cleaners (Cl. 1);
- degreasing preparations for use in manufacturing processes (Cl. 1);
- deodorants other than for personal use (Cl. 5);
- sharpening stones and grindstones (hand tools) (Cl. 8).

Class 4

Industrial oils and greases;

lubricants;

dust absorbing, wetting and binding compositions;

fuels (including motor spirit) and illuminants;

candles and wicks for lighting.

Explanatory Note

Class 4 includes mainly industrial oils and greases, fuels and illuminants.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain special industrial oils and greases (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods).

Class 5

Pharmaceutical and veterinary preparations; sanitary preparations for medical purposes;

dietetic substances adapted for medical use, food for babies;

plasters, materials for dressings;

material for stopping teeth, dental wax;

disinfectants;

preparations for destroying vermin;

fungicides, herbicides.

Explanatory Note

Class 5 includes mainly pharmaceuticals and other preparations for medical purposes.

This Class includes, in particular:

- sanitary preparations for personal hygiene, other than toiletries;
- deodorants other than for personal use;
- cigarettes without tobacco, for medical purposes.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- sanitary preparations being toiletries (Cl. 3);
- deodorants for personal use (Cl. 3);
- supportive bandages (Cl. 10).

Class 6

Common metals and their allovs: metal building materials; transportable buildings of metal; materials of metal for railway tracks: non-electric cables and wires of common metal; ironmongery, small items of metal hardware; pipes and tubes of metal; safes: goods of common metal not included in other classes; ores

Explanatory Note

Class 6 includes mainly unwrought and partly wrought common metals as well as simple products made of them.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- mercury, antimony, alkaline and alkaline-earth metals (Cl. 1);
- metals in foil and powder form for painters, decorators, printers and artists (Cl. 2).

Class 7

Machines and machine tools;

motors and engines (except for land vehicles);

machine coupling and transmission components (except for land vehicles):

agricultural implements other than hand-operated;

incubators for eggs.

Explanatory Note

Class 7 includes mainly machines, machine tools, motors and engines.

This Class includes, in particular:

- parts of motors and engines (of all kinds);electric cleaning machines and apparatus.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain special machines and machine tools (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- hand tools and implements, hand-operated (Cl. 8);
- motors and engines for land vehicles (Cl. 12).

Class 8

Hand tools and implements (hand-operated);

cutlery;

side arms:

razors.

Explanatory Note

Class 8 includes mainly hand-operated implements used as tools in the respective professions.

This Class includes, in particular:

- cutlery of precious metals;
- electric razors and clippers (hand instruments).

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain special instruments (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- machine tools and implements driven by a motor (Cl. 7);
- surgical cutlery (Cl. I0);
- paper knives (Cl. 16);
- fencing weapons (Cl. 28).

Class 9

Scientific, nautical, surveying, photographic, cinematographic, optical, weighing, measuring, signalling, checking (supervision), life-saving and teaching apparatus and instruments; apparatus and instruments for conducting, switching, transforming, accumulating, regulating or controlling electricity;

apparatus for recording, transmission or reproduction of sound or images;

magnetic data carriers, recording discs:

automatic vending machines and mechanisms for coin-operated apparatus;

cash registers, calculating machines, data processing equipment and computers;

fire-extinguishing apparatus.

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- apparatus and instruments for scientific research in laboratories:
- apparatus and instruments for controlling ships, such as apparatus and instruments, for measuring and for transmitting orders;
- the following electrical apparatus and instruments:

(a) certain electrothermic tools and apparatus, such as electric soldering irons, electric flat irons which, if they were not electric, would belong to Class 8;

(b) apparatus and devices which, if not electrical, would be listed in various classes, i.e., electrically heated clothing, cigar-lighters for automobiles;

- protractors;
- punched card office machines;amusement apparatus adapted for use with television receivers only;
- all computer programs and software regardless of recording media or means of dissemination, that is, software recorded on magnetic media or downloaded from a remote computer network.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- the following electrical apparatus and instruments:
- (a) electromechanical apparatus for the kitchen (grinders and mixers for foodstuffs, fruit presses, electrical coffee mills, etc.), and certain other apparatus and instruments driven by an electrical motor, all coming under Class 7;
- (b) electric razors and clippers (hand instruments) (Cl. 8);
- (c) electric toothbrushes and combs (Cl. 21);
- (d) electrical apparatus for space heating or for the heating of liquids, for cooking, ventilating, etc. (Cl. 11);
- clocks and watches and other chronometric instruments (Cl. 14);
 control clocks (Cl. 14).

Class 10

Surgical, medical, dental and veterinary apparatus and instruments, artificial limbs, eyes and teeth; orthopedic articles;

suture materials.

Explanatory Note

Class 10 includes mainly medical apparatus, instruments and articles.

This Class includes, in particular:

- special furniture for medical use;hygienic rubber articles (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- supportive bandages.

Class 11

Apparatus for lighting, heating, steam generating, cooking, refrigerating, drying, ventilating, water supply and sanitary purposes.

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- air conditioning apparatus;
- bedwarmers, hot water bottles, warming pans, electric or non-electric;
- electrically heated cushions (pads) and blankets, not for medical purposes;
- electric kettles;
- electric cooking utensils.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- steam producing apparatus (parts of machines) (Cl. 7);
- electrically heated clothing (Cl. 9).

Class 12

Vehicles;

apparatus for locomotion by land, air or water.

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- motors and engines for land vehicles;
- couplings and transmission components for land vehicles;
- air cushion vehicles.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain parts of vehicles (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- railway material of metal (Cl. 6);
- motors, engines, couplings and transmission components other than for land vehicles (Cl. 7);
- parts of motors and engines (of all kinds) (Cl. 7).

Class 13

Firearms:

ammunition and projectiles;

explosives;

fireworks.

Explanatory Note

Class 13 includes mainly firearms and pyrotechnical products.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- matches (Cl. 34).

Class 14

Precious metals and their alloys and goods in precious metals or coated therewith, not included in other classes; jewellery, precious stones;

horological and chronometric instruments.

Explanatory Note

Class 14 includes mainly precious metals, goods in precious metals and, in general jewellery, clocks and watches.

This Class includes, in particular:

- jewellery (i.e., imitation jewellery and jewellery of precious metal and stones);
 cuff links, tie pins.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain goods in precious metals (classified according to their function or purpose), for example, metals in foil and powder form for painters, decorators, printers and artists (Cl. 2), amalgam of gold for dentists (Cl. 5), cutlery (Cl. 8), electric contacts (Cl. 9), pen nibs
- objects of art not of precious metals (classified according to the material of which they consist).

Class 15

Musical instruments.

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- mechanical pianos and their accessories;
- musical boxes;
- electrical and electronic musical instruments.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- apparatus for the recording, transmission, amplification and reproduction of sound (Cl. 9).

Class 16

Paper, cardboard and goods made from these materials, not included in other classes;

printed matter;

bookbinding material;

photographs;

stationery;

adhesives for stationery or household purposes;

artists" materials:

paint brushes;

typewriters and office requisites (except furniture);

instructional and teaching material (except apparatus);

plastic materials for packaging (not included in other classes);

printers" type;

printing blocks.

Explanatory Note

Class 16 includes mainly paper, goods made from that material and office requisites.

This Class includes, in particular:

- paper knives;
- duplicators;
- plastic sheets, sacks and bags for wrapping and packaging.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain goods made of paper and cardboard (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- colours (Cl. 2);
- hand tools for artists (for example, spatulas, sculptors" chisels) (Cl. 8).

Rubber, gutta-percha, gum, asbestos, mica and goods made from these materials and not included in other classes; plastics in extruded form for use in manufacture:

packing, stopping and insulating materials;

flexible pipes, not of metal.

Explanatory Note

Class 17 includes mainly electrical, thermal and acoustic insulating materials and plastics, being for use in manufacture in the form of sheets, blocks and rods.

This Class includes, in particular:

- rubber material for recapping tyres;

- padding and stuffing materials of rubber or plastics;floating anti-pollution barriers.

Class 18

Leather and imitations of leather, and goods made of these materials and not included in other classes; animal skins, hides;

trunks and travelling bags;

umbrellas, parasols and walking sticks;

whips, harness and saddlery.

Explanatory Note

Class 18 includes mainly leather, leather imitations, travel goods not included in other classes and saddlery.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- clothing, footwear, headgear (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods).

Class 19

Building materials (non-metallic);

non-metallic rigid pipes for building;

asphalt, pitch and bitumen:

non-metallic transportable buildings;

monuments, not of metal.

Explanatory Note

Class 19 includes mainly non-metallic building materials.

This Class includes, in particular:

- semi-worked woods (for example: beams, planks, panels);
- veneers;
- building glass (for example, floor slabs, glass tiles);
- glass granules for marking out roads;
- letter boxes of masonry.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- cement preservatives and cement-waterproofing preparations (Cl. 1);
- fireproofing preparations (Cl. 1).

Class 20

Furniture, mirrors, picture frames;

goods (not included in other classes) of wood, cork, reed, cane, wicker, horn, bone, ivory, whalebone, shell, amber, mother-of-pearl. meerschaum and substitutes for all these materials, or of plastics.

Explanatory Note

Class 20 includes mainly furniture and its parts and plastic goods, not included in other classes.

This Class includes, in particular:

- metal furniture and furniture for camping;
- bedding (for example: mattresses, spring mattresses, pillows);
- looking glasses and furnishing or toilet mirrors;
- registration number plates not of metal;
- letter boxes not of metal or masonry.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain special types of mirrors, classified according to their function or purpose (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- special furniture for laboratories (Cl. 9):
- special furniture for medical use (Cl. 10);
- bedding linen (Cl. 24);
- eiderdowns (Cl. 24).

Class 21

Household or kitchen utensils and containers (not of precious metal or coated therewith);

combs and sponges;

brushes (except paint brushes);

brush-making materials;

articles for cleaning purposes;

steelwool:

unworked or semi-worked glass (except glass used in building);

glassware, porcelain and earthenware not included in other classes.

Explanatory Note

Class 21 includes mainly small, hand-operated utensils and apparatus for household and kitchen use as well as toilet utensils, glassware and articles in porcelain.

This Class includes, in particular:

- utensils and containers for household and kitchen use, for example, kitchen utensils, pails, pans of iron, of aluminium. of plastics or of other materials, small hand-operated apparatus for mincing, grinding, pressing, etc.;
- candle extinguishers, not of precious metal;
- electric combs:
- electric toothbrushes;
- dish stands and decanter stands.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain goods made of glass, porcelain and earthenware (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- cleaning preparations, soaps, etc. (Cl. 3);
- small apparatus for mincing, grinding, pressing, etc., driven by electricity (Cl. 7);
- razors and shaving apparatus, clippers (hand instruments), metal implements and utensils for manicure and pedicure (Cl. 8);
- cooking utensils, electric (Cl. 11);
- toilet mirrors (Cl. 20).

Class 22

Ropes, string, nets, tents, awnings, tarpaulins, sails, sacks and bags (not included in other classes); padding and stuffing materials (except of rubber or plastics);

raw fibrous textile materials.

Explanatory Note

Class 22 includes mainly rope and sail manufacture products, padding and stuffing materials and raw fibrous textile materials. This Class includes, in particular:

- cords and twines in natural or artificial textile fibres, paper or plastics.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain nets, sacks and bags (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
 strings for musical instruments (Cl. 15).

Class 23

Yarns and threads, for textile use.

Class 24

Textiles and textile goods, not included in other classes;

bed and table covers.

Explanatory Note

Class 24 includes mainly textiles (piece goods) and textile covers for household use.

This Class includes, in particular:

- bedding linen of paper.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain special textiles (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- electrically heated blankets, for medical purposes (Cl. 10) and not for medical purposes (Cl. 11);
- table linen of paper (Cl. I6); horse blankets (Cl. 18).

Class 25

Clothing, footwear, headgear.

Explanatory Note

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain clothing and footwear for special use (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods).

Class 26

Lace and embroidery, ribbons and braid;

buttons, hooks and eyes, pins and needles;

artificial flowers

Explanatory Note

Class 26 includes mainly dressmakers" articles.

This Class includes, in particular:

- slide fasteners.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain special types of hooks (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- certain special types of needles (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- yarns and threads for textile use (Cl. 23).

Class 27

Carpets, rugs, mats and matting, linoleum and other materials for covering existing floors; wall hangings (non-textile).

Explanatory Note

Class 27 includes mainly products intended to be added as furnishings to previously constructed floors and walls.

Class 28

Games and playthings;

gymnastic and sporting articles not included in other classes;

decorations for Christmas trees.

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- fishing tackle;
- equipment for various sports and games.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- Christmas tree candles (Cl. 4);
- diving equipment (Cl. 9);
- amusement apparatus adapted for use with television receivers only (Cl. 9);
- electrical lamps (garlands) for Christmas trees (Cl. 11);
- fishing nets (Cl. 22);
- clothing for gymnastics and sports (Cl. 25);
- confectionery and chocolate decorations for Christmas trees (Cl. 30).

Class 29

Meat, fish, poultry and game;

meat extracts;

preserved, dried and cooked fruits and vegetables;

jellies, jams, compotes;

eggs, milk and milk products;

edible oils and fats.

Explanatory Note

Class 29 includes mainly foodstuffs of animal origin as well as vegetables and other horticultural comestible products which are prepared for consumption or conservation.

This Class includes, in particular:

- milk beverages (milk predominating).

This Class does not include, in particular:

- certain foodstuffs of plant origin (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- baby food (Cl. 5);
- dietetic substances adapted for medical use (Cl. 5);
- salad dressings (Cl. 30):
- fertilised eggs for hatching (Cl. 31);
- foodstuffs for animals (Cl. 31);
- live animals (Cl. 31).

Class 30

Coffee, tea, cocoa, sugar, rice, tapioca, sago, artificial coffee;

flour and preparations made from cereals, bread, pastry and confectionery, ices;

honey, treacle;

yeast, baking-powder;

salt, mustard;

vinegar, sauces (condiments);

spices;

ice.

Explanatory Note

Class 30 includes mainly foodstuffs of plant origin prepared for consumption or conservation as well as auxiliaries intended for the improvement of the flavour of food.

This Class includes, in particular:

- beverages with coffee, cocoa or chocolate base;
- cereals prepared for human consumption (for example, oat flakes and those made of other cereals).

- certain foodstuffs of plant origin (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods);
- salt for preserving other than for foodstuffs (Cl. 1);
- medicinal teas and dietetic substances adapted for medical use (Cl. 5);
- baby food (Cl. 5);
- raw cereals (Cl. 31);
- foodstuffs for animals (Cl. 31).

Class 31

Agricultural, horticultural and forestry products and grains not included in other classes;

live animals;

fresh fruits and vegetables;

seeds, natural plants and flowers;

foodstuffs for animals;

malt.

Explanatory Note

Class 31 includes mainly land products not having been subjected to any form of preparation for consumption, live animals and plants as well as foodstuffs for animals.

This Class includes, in particular:

- raw woods;
- raw cereals;
- fertilised eggs for hatching;
- mollusca and crustacea (live).

This Class does not include, in particular:

- cultures of micro-organisms and leeches for medical purposes (Cl. 5);
- semi-worked woods (Cl. 19);
- artificial fishing bait (Cl. 28);
- rice (Cl. 30);
- tobacco (Cl. 34).

Class 32

Beers;

mineral and aerated waters and other non-alcoholic drinks;

fruit drinks and fruit juices;

syrups and other preparations for making beverages.

Explanatory Note

Class 32 includes mainly non-alcoholic beverages, as well as beer.

This Class includes, in particular:

- de-alcoholised drinks.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- beverages for medical purposes (Cl. 5);milk beverages (milk predominating) (Cl. 29);
- beverages with coffee, cocoa or chocolate base (Cl. 30).

Class 33

Alcoholic beverages (except beers).

Explanatory Note

This Class does not include, in particular:

- medicinal drinks (Cl. 5);
- de-alcoholised drinks (Cl. 32).

Class 34

Tobacco;

smokers" articles;

matches.

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- tobacco substitutes (not for medical purposes).

- cigarettes without tobacco, for medical purposes (Cl. 5);
- certain smokers" articles in precious metal (Cl. 14) (consult the Alphabetical List of Goods).

Services

If a service cannot be classified with the aid of the List of Classes, the Explanatory Notes and the Alphabetical List, the following remarks set forth the criteria to be applied:

Services are in principle classified according to the branches of activities specified in the headings of the service classes and in their Explanatory Notes or, if not specified, by analogy with other comparable services indicated in the Alphabetical List.

Rental services are in principle classified in the same classes as the services provided by means of the rented objects (e.g., Rental of telephones, covered by Class 38).

Services that provide advice, information or consultation are in principle classified in the same classes as the services that correspond to the subject matter of the advice, information or consultation, e.g., transportation consultancy (Cl. 39), business management consultancy (Cl. 35), financial consultancy (Cl. 36), beauty consultancy (Cl. 44). The rendering of the advice, information or consultancy by electronic means (e.g., telephone, computer) does not affect the classification of these services.

Class 35

Advertising;

business management:

business administration;

office functions.

Explanatory Note

Class 35 includes mainly services rendered by persons or organizations principally with the object of:

(1) help in the working or management of a commercial undertaking, or

(2) help in the management of the business affairs or commercial functions of an industrial or commercial enterprise. as well as services rendered by advertising establishments primarily undertaking communications to the public, declarations or announcements by all means of diffusion and concerning all kinds of goods or services. This Class includes, in particular:

- the bringing together, for the benefit of others, of a variety of goods (excluding the transport thereof), enabling customers to conveniently view and purchase those goods;

- services consisting of the registration, transcription, composition, compilation or systematization of written communications and registrations, and also the exploitation or compilation of mathematical or statistical data;

services of advertising agencies and services such as the distribution of prospectuses, directly or through the post, or the distribution of samples. This Class may refer to advertising in connection with other services, such as those concerning bank loans or advertising by radio.

This Class does not include, in particular:

the activity of an enterprise the primary function of which is the sale of goods, i.e., of a so-called commercial enterprise;
services such as evaluations and reports of engineers which do not directly refer to the working or management of affairs in a commercial or industrial enterprise (consult the Alphabetical List of Services).

Class 36

Insurance;

financial affairs:

monetary affairs;

real estate affairs.

Explanatory Note

Class 36 includes mainly services rendered in financial and monetary affairs and services rendered in relation to insurance contracts of all kinds.

This Class includes, in particular:

- services relating to financial or monetary affairs comprise the following:

- (a) services of all the banking establishments, or institutions connected with them such as exchange brokers or clearing services; (b) services of credit institutions other than banks such as co-operative credit associations, individual financial companies, lenders,
- etc.:
 - (c) services of "investment trusts." of holding companies:
 - (d) services of brokers dealing in shares and property;

(e) services connected with monetary affairs vouched for by trustees;

(f) services rendered in connection with the issue of travellers" cheques and letters of credit;

- services of realty administrators of buildings, i.e., services of letting or valuation, or financing;
- services dealing with insurance such as services rendered by agents or brokers engaged in insurance, services rendered to insured, and insurance underwriting services

Class 37

Building construction;

repair;

installation services.

Explanatory Note

Class 37 includes mainly services rendered by contractors or subcontractors in the construction or making of permanent buildings, as well as services rendered by persons or organizations engaged in the restoration of objects to their original condition or in their preservation without altering their physical or chemical properties.

This Class includes, in particular:

- services relating to the construction of buildings, roads, bridges, dams or transmission lines and services of undertakings specializing in the field of construction such as those of painters, plumbers, heating installers or roofers;
- services auxiliary to construction services like inspections of construction plans;
- services of shipbuilding;
- services consisting of hiring of tools or building materials;
- repair services, i.e., services which undertake to put any object into good condition after wear, damage, deterioration or partial destruction (restoration of an existing building or another object that has become imperfect and is to be restored to its original condition):
- various repair services such as those in the fields of electricity, furniture, instruments, tools, etc.;
- services of maintenance for preserving an object in its original condition without changing any of its properties (for the difference between this Class and Class 40 see the Explanatory Note of Class 40);

This Class does not include, in particular:

- services consisting of storage of goods such as clothes or vehicles (Cl. 39);
- services connected with dyeing of cloth or clothes (Cl. 40).

Class 38

Telecommunications.

Explanatory Note

Class 38 includes mainly services allowing at least one person to communicate with another by a sensory means. Such services include those which:

(1)

allow one person to talk to another,

(2)

transmit messages from one person to another, and

(3)

place a person in oral or visual communication with another (radio and television).

This Class includes, in particular:

- services which consist essentially of the diffusion of radio or television programmes.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- radio advertising services (Cl. 35).

Class 39

Transport;

packaging and storage of goods;

travel arrangement.

Explanatory Note

Class 39 includes mainly services rendered in transporting people or goods from one place to another (by rail, road, water, air or pipeline) and services necessarily connected with such transport, as well as services relating to the storing of goods in a warehouse or other building for their preservation or guarding.

This Class includes, in particular:

- services rendered by companies exploiting stations, bridges, rail-road ferries, etc., used by the transporter;
- services connected with the hiring of transport vehicles;
- services connected with maritime tugs, unloading, the functioning of ports and docks and the salvaging of wrecked ships and their cargoes:
- services connected with the functioning of airports;
- services connected with the packaging and parcelling of goods before dispatch;
- services consisting of information about journeys or the transport of goods by brokers and tourist agencies, information relating to tariffs, timetables and methods of transport;
- services relating to the inspection of vehicles or goods before transport.

- services relating to advertising transport undertakings such as the distribution of prospectuses or advertising on the radio (Cl. 35);
- services relating to the issuing of travellers" cheques or letters of credit by brokers or travel agents (Cl. 36);
- services relating to insurances (commercial, fire or life) during the transport of persons or goods (Cl. 36);
- services rendered by the maintenance and repair of vehicles, nor the maintenance or repair of objects connected with the transport of persons or goods (Cl. 37);
- services relating to reservation of rooms in a hotel by travel agents or brokers (Cl. 43).

Class 40

Treatment of materials.

Explanatory Note

Class 40 includes mainly services not included in other classes, rendered by the mechanical or chemical processing or transformation of objects or inorganic or organic substances.

For the purposes of classification, the mark is considered a service mark only in cases where processing or transformation is effected for the account of another person. A mark is considered a trade mark in all cases where the substance or object is marketed by the person who processed or transformed it.

This Class includes, in particular:

- services relating to transformation of an object or substance and any process involving a change in its essential properties (for example, dyeing a garment); consequently, a maintenance service, although usually in Class 37, is included in Class 40 if it entails such a change (for example, the chroming of motor vehicle bumpers);
- services of material treatment which may be present during the production of any substance or object other than a building; for example, services which involve cutting, shaping, polishing by abrasion or metal coating.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- repair services (Cl. 37).

Class 41

Education;

providing of training;

entertainment;

sporting and cultural activities.

Explanatory Note

Class 41 covers mainly services rendered by persons or institutions in the development of the mental faculties of persons or animals, as well as services intended to entertain or to engage the attention.

This Class includes, in particular:

- services consisting of all forms of education of persons or training of animals;
- services having the basic aim of the entertainment, amusement or recreation of people;
- presentation of works of visual art or literature to the public for cultural or educational purposes.

Class 42

Scientific and technological services and research and design relating thereto;

industrial analysis and research services;

design and development of computer hardware and software.

Explanatory Note

Class 42 includes mainly services provided by persons, individually or collectively, in relation to the theoretical and practical aspects of complex fields of activities; such services are provided by members of professions such as chemists, physicists, engineers, computer specialists, lawyers, etc.

This Class includes, in particular:

- the services of engineers who undertake evaluations, estimates, research and reports in the scientific and technological fields;
- scientific research services for medical purposes.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- business research and evaluations (Cl. 35);
- word processing and computer file management services (Cl. 35);
- financial and fiscal evaluations (Cl. 36);
- mining and oil extraction (Cl. 37);
- computer (hardware) installation and repair services (Cl. 37);
- services provided by the members of professions such as medical doctors, veterinary surgeons, psychoanalysts (Cl. 44);
- medical treatment services (Cl. 44);
- garden design (Cl. 44).

Class 43

Services for providing food and drink;

temporary accommodation.

Explanatory Note

Class 43 includes mainly services provided by persons or establishments whose aim is to prepare food and drink for consumption and services provided to obtain bed and board in hotels, boarding houses or other establishments providing temporary accommodation.

This Class includes, in particular:

- reservation services for travellers" accommodation, particularly through travel agencies or brokers;
- boarding for animals.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- rental services for real estate such as houses, flats, etc., for permanent use (Cl. 36);
- arranging travel by tourist agencies (Cl. 39);
- preservation services for food and drink (Cl. 40);
- discotheque services (Cl. 41);
- boarding schools (Cl. 41);
- rest and convalescent homes (Cl. 44).

Class 44

Medical services:

veterinary services;

hygienic and beauty care for human beings or animals;

agriculture, horticulture and forestry services.

Explanatory Note

Class 44 includes mainly medical care, hygienic and beauty care given by persons or establishments to human beings and animals; it also includes services relating to the fields of agriculture, horticulture and forestry.

This Class includes, in particular:

- medical analysis services relating to the treatment of persons (such as x-ray examinations and taking of blood samples);
- artificial insemination services;
- pharmacy advice;
- animal breeding;
- services relating to the growing of plants such as gardening;
- services relating to floral art such as floral compositions as well as garden design.

This Class does not include, in particular:

- vermin exterminating (other than for agriculture, horticulture and forestry) (Cl. 37);
- installation and repair services for irrigation systems (Cl. 37);
- ambulance transport (Cl. 39);
- animal slaughtering services and taxidermy (Cl. 40);
- timber felling and processing (Cl. 40);
- animal training services (Cl. 41);
- health clubs for physical exercise (Cl. 41);
- scientific research services for medical purposes (Cl. 42);
- boarding for animals (Cl. 43);
- retirement homes (Cl. 43).

Class 45

Personal and social services rendered by others to meet the needs of individuals; security services for the protection of property and individuals; legal services (earlier in the class 42);

Explanatory Note

This Class includes, in particular:

- investigation and surveillance services relating to the safety of persons and entities;
- services provided to individuals in relation with social events, such as social escort services, matrimonial agencies, funeral services.

- professional services giving direct aid in the operations or functions of a commercial undertaking (Cl. 35);
- services relating to financial or monetary affairs and services dealing with insurance (Cl. 36);
- escorting of travellers (Cl. 39);
- security transport (Cl. 39);
- services consisting of all forms of education of persons (Cl. 41);
- performances of singers or dancers (Cl. 41);
- services provided by others to give medical, hygienic or beauty care for human beings or animals (Cl. 44);
- certain rental services (consult the Alphabetical List of Services and General Remark (b) relating to the classification of services)